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Dublin Caſtle, October 12.

THE Houſes of Lords and Commons having reſolved upon humble Addreſſes to His Majeſty, the ſame, together with Addreſſes from both Houſes to the Lord Lieutenant, were this Day preſented to his Excellency, and, with his Excellency's Anſwers, are as follow:

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt humbly beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our unalterable Loyalty to, and undiminiſhed Zeal for, your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, Family and Government.

We return your Majeſty our ſincereſt Thanks for continuing his Excellency Simon Earl Harcourt in the Government of this Kingdom, whoſe diſtinguiſhed Merit in the high Stations he has filled, whoſe eminent Virtues and exalted Character, as well as a moſt affectionate Regard to the Welfare of this Country, uniformly manifeſted by him during a Three Years conſtant Reſidence amongſt us, leave us no Reaſon to doubt that he will at all Times make a juſt and effectual Repreſentation of us to your Majeſty.

We beſeech your Majeſty to believe that we are filled with a juſt and lively Gratitude for the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your mild and firm Government; and your Majeſty may rely on our unfeigned Zeal and unſhaken Loyalty, that whilſt your Government is diſturbed by a Rebellion exiſting in Part of your American Dominions, which we cannot hear of but with the utmoſt Abhorrence and Indignation, we ſhall ever be ready to ſhew our moſt inviolable Attachment to your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, in the Aſſertion of your juſt Rights, and the Support of your Legal Authority.

We moſt ſenſibly feel the tender Concern which your Majeſty has graciouſly ſhewn for the Welfare of this Kingdom, manifeſted by the ſeveral Laws paſſed in the Britiſh Parliament, highly advantageous to our Commerce, our Manufactures, and our Agriculture.

We are truly grateful for the Act which extends the great Advantages of the Britiſh Fiſheries to Ireland, whereby a Source of Induſtry and Wealth is opened to us, which has made other Nations great and flouriſhing; and it ſhall be our conſtant Endeavour to improve Advantages tending ſo obviouſly to promote our Navigation and Trade.

We beg Leave to expreſs our higheſt Satisfaction and Thankfulneſs for that particular Mark of your Majeſty's Royal Favour, the Paſſing the Act which allows the Cloathing and Accoutrements neceſſary for your Majeſty's Forces, paid from the Revenues of this Kingdom, to be exported from Ireland; and we have the utmoſt Confidence, that the Act which allows the Importation of Rape Seed into Great Britain from this Kingdom, under certain Regulations, will, connected with thoſe ſalutary Laws paſſed in this Kingdom during the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, form ſuch a Syſtem of Agriculture and Improvement as we truſt will ſecure Riches and Plenty to the People of Ireland.

We acknowledge with Gratitude the Bounty granted by Great Britain upon the Importation of Flax Seed into Ireland, which we conſider as ſo marked a Recommendation of the Linen Manufacture, as muſt engage us in the moſt perſevering Application to that Staple of this Country,

We conſider your Majeſty's gracious Recommendation of the Proteſtant Charter-Schools as a ſtrong Proof of your Attention to the eſtabliſhed Religion of this Country; and as we are convinced that they are eminently entitled to our Conſideration and Care, they ſhall certainly meet with our utmoſt Protection and Aſſiſtance.

We beg Leave moſt ſincerely to aſſure your Majeſty, that, truly ſenſible of your conſtant and uniform Attention to the ſtrict Preſervation of our Laws and Liberties, we ſhall be always ready to teſtify our moſt dutiful Attachment to your Royal Perſon, Family and Government, and to exert the moſt cordial Zeal in Support of the Honour and Dignity of your Crown; certain that by ſuch Conduct we ſhall enſure to ourſelves and our Poſterity a Continuation of that uninterrupted Protection and Favour which your Subjects of this Kingdom have univerſally experienced under the Government of your Majeſty; convinced that, in the mild and juſt Reign of the beſt of Sovereigns, we cannot fail of becoming a happy and flouriſhing People.

W. Watts Gayer,
Edw. Gayer, } Cler' Parliamentor'

His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant's Anſwer:

I Will forthwith tranſmit this dutiful and loyal Addreſs to be laid before His Majeſty.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland, in Parliament aſſembled, beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our ſteady Loyalty to your Perſon, our Attention to the Honour of your Government, and our Zeal to preſerve the Peace and Happineſs of your Subjects.

We return our moſt grateful Thanks to your Majeſty for your paternal Care, in being graciouſly pleaſed to continue in the Government of this Kingdom a Nobleman, who, during Three Years that he hath preſided over us, has given ample Proofs of thoſe Abilities and Virtues that have diſtinguiſhed his Publick Character in every Station which he has filled under your Majeſty, and have dignified his Private Life in every Relation which he hath borne to Society.—We are happy to expreſs the favourable Impreſſion which our paſt Conduct has made upon his Mind, and our anxious Deſire that our future Proceedings may warrant the ſame Diſpoſition towards us in his Repreſentations to your Majeſty.

We beſeech your Majeſty to believe that we are filled with a juſt and lively Gratitude for the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your mild and firm Government, and that your Majeſty may entirely rely on our moſt unfeigned Zeal and unſhaken Loyalty, that whilſt your Government is diſturbed by a Rebellion exiſting in a Part of your American Dominions, which we hear with Abhorrence, and feel with Indignation, we ſhall be ever ready to ſhew our moſt devoted and inviolable Attachment to your Majeſty's Sacred Perſon and Government, in the Aſſertion of your juſt Rights, and in the Support of your Legal Authority.

We declare our Readineſs to grant the Supplies neceſſary for the ordinary Expences of your Majeſty's Eſtabliſhments, as far as the State and Circumſtances of this Country will permit, and to provide for the Arrear unavoidably incurred thereon.

We acknowledge your Majeſty's tender Concern for the Welfare of this Kingdom, in the ſeveral Laws recently paſſed in Great Britain, highly advantageous to our Commerce, Manufactures, and Agriculture; and profeſs our Reſolution to improve Advantages ſo obviouſly beneficial to our Navigation and Trade, as thoſe which muſt ariſe from an Act which extends the great Benefits of Britiſh Fiſheries to Ireland, which has been the Source of Induſtry and Wealth to other Nations.

We

[Price Six-Pence.]

We thankfully expreſs our Satisfaction for that particular Mark of your Majeſty's Royal Favor, the Act allowing the Cloathing and Accoutrements for your Majeſty's Forces, paid from the Revenues of this Kingdom, to be exported from Ireland; and are confident that the Act which allows the Importation of Rape Seed to Great Britain from this Kingdom, under certain Regulations, will, connected with thoſe ſalutary Laws paſſed in this Kingdom during the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, form ſuch a Syſtem of Agriculture and Improvement, as we hope may ſecure Riches and Plenty to the People of Ireland.

We aſſure your Majeſty of our being deeply impreſſed with the Expediency of a perſevering Application to the Staple of this Country, ſo ſtrongly recommended by a Bounty from Great Britain upon the Importation of Flax Seed into Ireland; and that the Proteſtant Charter-Schools are eminently entitled to our Conſideration and Care, as a wiſe and humane Inſtitution, peculiarly adapted to the State and Circumſtances of this Country.

In Terms of the moſt unbounded Loyalty and Allegiance, we lay before your Majeſty the Hearts of your ever faithful Commons of Ireland, labouring to pour forth the juſt and grateful Senſe which they feel of your Majeſty's great Goodneſs, Indulgence, and Favor; and wiſhing to proclaim to the World, at this critical Conjuncture, their ſteady Determination to approve themſelves not unworthy the Protection of ſo wiſe, ſo juſt, and ſo amiable a Sovereign.

E. Sterling,
H. Alcock, } Cler. Dom. Com.

His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant's Anſwer:

I Will take the firſt Opportunity of tranſmitting this dutiful and loyal Addreſs to be laid before His Majeſty.

To his Excellency Simon Earl Harcourt, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of IRELAND,

The humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled, return your Excellency our unfeigned Thanks for your Speech from the Throne to both Houſes of Parliament; and we beg Leave to aſſure your Excellency, that we feel ourſelves exceedingly happy in the favourable Opinion which your Excellency hath conceived of us, and in that Satisfaction with which your Excellency is pleaſed to declare you meet us again in Parliament.

We flatter ourſelves that your Excellency's Reſidence amongſt us for Three Years, which hath formed an Impreſſion upon your Mind ſo favourable to us, and hath afforded your Excellency ſuch a competent Knowledge of the Circumſtances of this Country, will be propitious to the Intereſts of it; and that, impreſſed as we are with a grateful Senſe of your Excellency's ſucceſsful Endeavours to promote the Proſperity of this Kingdom, which have been manifeſted by the Advantages which our Commerce, Manufactures, and Agriculture have received, we cannot but think ourſelves moſt happy under your Excellency's Adminiſtration.

The late Acts paſſed in the Britiſh Parliament, ſo highly beneficial to this Kingdom, which your Excellency is pleaſed to take Notice of in a Manner expreſſive of your good Wiſhes and kind Concern for us, fill our Minds with Gratitude; and the Reflection that they have paſſed during your Excellency's Government yields us the beſt-grounded Aſſurances that your Excellency's juſt and favourable Repreſentations of us, together with your good Offices and kind Interpoſitions, have not been wanting in our Favour.

On our Part, we beg your Excellency to accept of our grateful Acknowledgements; and we think it but juſt to aſſure your Excellency, as we now do, that as it is our Duty, ſo it will be our Inclination, to co-operate with you in promoting thoſe great Objects recommended to us by your Excellency from the Throne; and that we will cordially concur with your Excellency in ſuch Meaſures as may conduce to the Happineſs of this Kingdom, and the Honour and Eaſe of your Excellency's Adminiſtration.

W. Watts Gayer,
Edw. Gayer, } Cler' Parliamentor'

His Excellency's Anſwer:

I Return the Houſe of Lords my ſincereſt Thanks for this kind and obliging Addreſs: I conſider it not only as the moſt honourable Proof of their Regard and Eſteem, but as a very diſtinguiſhed Inſtance of their Approbation of my Conduct during a Reſidence of near Three Years in this Kingdom; and that I may not be undeſerving of the Continuance of it, I ſhall take every Opportunity of repreſenting to His Majeſty the unſhaken Loyalty and Affection of the Houſe of Lords, and do every Thing in my Power to promote the Happineſs and Proſperity of Ireland.

To his Excellency Simon Earl Harcourt, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of IRELAND,

The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, return your Excellency our ſincere Thanks for your moſt excellent Speech from the Throne.

We beg Leave to expreſs our higheſt Satisfaction in being again aſſembled under ſo juſt and prudent a Chief Governor; our Happineſs at the favourable Impreſſion which our paſt Conduct hath made upon your Excellency's Mind, and our Gratitude to His Majeſty for His paternal Care of this Kingdom, in permitting to remain among us a Nobleman diſtinguiſhed by the many eminent Virtues which have invariably adorned his public Character and private Life.

Encouraged by an Aſſurance of your Excellency's Co-operation and Support, we cannot fail to give the ſtricteſt Attention to the ſeveral great and important Advantages that are the Objects of your Excellency's earneſt Recommendation; thoſe Benefits to our Commerce, Manufactures, and Agriculture, ſolicited and obtained during your Excellency's Adminiſtration, deſerve our warmeſt and ſincereſt Gratitude and Acknowledgements.

We ſhall chearfully make Proviſion for the neceſſary Expences of His Majeſty's Eſtabliſhments, as far as the Circumſtances of this Country will admit; ſenſible of the numberleſs Bleſſings we enjoy under the beſt of Kings, and confident that your Excellency will continue faithfully to repreſent our Loyalty and Zeal to His ſacred Perſon and Government, your Excellency may be aſſured of our Endeavours to contribute to the Eaſe and Honour of your Adminiſtration, as we have from Experience the ſtrongeſt Reaſon to rely upon your Excellency's Diſpoſition uniformly to promote the Welfare and Happineſs of the People of Ireland.

E. Sterling,
H. Alcock, } Cler. Dom. Com.

His Excellency's Anſwer:

I Return the Houſe of Commons my moſt ſincere Thanks for this very kind and affectionate Addreſs, which, after a Reſidence of near Three Years in this Kingdom, is the moſt honourable Teſtimony of their Approbation and Eſteem; the Continuance of which I ſhall ever be ambitious of deſerving, by faithfully repreſenting to His Majeſty the unſhaken Loyalty of the Commons of Ireland, and by a conſtant Attention on my Part to every Thing that can tend to promote the Welfare and Proſperity of this Kingdom.

St. James's, October 21.

The following Addreſs of the Gentlemen, Clergy, Clothiers, and other Tradeſmen, of the Towns and Neighbourhood of Bradford, Trowbridge, and Melkſham, in the County of Wilts, having been tranſmitted to the Earl of Suffolk, One of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Philip James Gibbs, Eſq; Thomas Johnſon, Eſq; and Paul Newman, Eſq; has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Gentlemen, Clergy, Clothiers, and other Tradeſmen, of the Towns and Neighbourhood of Bradford, Trowbridge, and Melkſham, in the County of Wilts, approach the Throne at a Seaſon we think critical and alarming to the Honour, Peace, and Welfare of our Country, to teſtify our affectionate Attachment and Loyalty to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, our ſincere Abhorrence of that rebellious Spirit, which has appeared among our American Fellow-Subjects, and our unfeigned Sorrow for thoſe Inquietudes, which, from Humanity, and Concern for the common Welfare of your People, your Royal Mind muſt feel, on Account of thoſe unnatural and dangerous Convulſions, which at preſent rend the Britiſh Empire.

Though we declare ourſelves ſtedfaſt Friends to Conſtitutional Liberty, and diſdain the Imputation of appearing as Abettors of Oppreſſion and Slavery; though we wiſh our American Fellow-Subjects all that Indul-

gence

gence and Encouragement, which Juſtice to the Reſt of your Majeſty's People, and the common Intereſt, Safety, and Welfare of the Empire will admit of; yet we cannot but condemn that uncandid and malignant Spirit, with which they have boldly imputed to the Britiſh Legiſlature odious and iniquitous Deſigns againſt the juſt Rights and Liberties of your Majeſty's Subjects; with Intention to inflame the Minds of your People here, and hurry them likewiſe into unnatural Acts of Violence; whilſt we can perceive no Ground for ſo black an Imputation, but the Legiſlature's endeavouring to protect the Perſons and Properties of peaceable Subjects from Injury, to ſupport Order and Government, and to maintain its own Conſtitutional Authority. We cannot but condemn that Want of Equity which leads them to urge the Advantages Great Britain derives from their Commerce as a ſufficient Reaſon for their not being ſubjected to bear an equitable Proportion in the public Burdens of the State, whilſt, from the ſame Commerce, themſelves derive ſuperior Advantages, according to their Property employed in it, and their different Ranks and Conditions in Life. We cannot but condemn their Want of Gratitude to their Parent Country, and of Tenderneſs to their poorer Fellow-Subjects here, ſhewn in the raſh, unwarrantable Prohibition of all Commerce with your Majeſty's European Dominions; by which they deſigned and hoped to deprive thoſe of the Means of Subſiſtence, who, by the Sweat of their Brows, had long contributed to the Protection and Proſperity of America; though, we have the Pleaſure to aſſure your Majeſty, we as yet feel no ſuch melancholy Effects of American Ingratitude and Unkindneſs, by any unuſual Failure of Demand for our Manufactures, or of Employment for our Poor.

Ardently wiſhing for the ſpeedy Reſtoration of Peace and Harmony throughout the Britiſh Empire, upon an equitable and Conſtitutional Foundation, we at the ſame Time think it our Duty to aſſure your Majeſty of our determined Readineſs to uſe any lawful Means in our Power, to ſupport the Conſtitutional Rights of your Crown and of the Britiſh Parliament in and over every Part of the Britiſh Dominions; not doubting but that, from the Purity of your Majeſty's Intentions, and the Benevolence of your Heart, all deſirable Mercy will be mixed with any Severity that will with deep Regret be ſeen needful for accompliſhing that important End.

That your Majeſty may long reign with Glory and Honour over a free, a united, a happy and grateful People; that your Deſcendants, adorned with Princely Virtues, and Friends to the Rights and Happineſs of Mankind, may inherit your Crown to lateſt Ages, is the fervent Prayer of your Majeſty's dutiful and faithful Subjects,

Richard Long
Philip James Gibbs
John Hawker
John Wereat
Jonathan Reynols
John Martin, *Clerk*
William Waldron
Nicholas Croſs
John Cooper
Charles Dilke
James Shrapnell
James Coles
Eſau Reynols
John Vine
Samuel Cook
Iſaac Greene
Richard Caſſwell
James Morley
Joſeph Smith
Robert Neale
Joſ. Mortimer
Thomas Bytheſea
Paul Newman
Thomas Johnſon
James Gibbs
John Bailward
Charles Hodgkin
James Bulgin
John Laugharn, *Clk*
Tho. Drinkwater
John Ledyard
Harry Willougl by
Thomas Sartain
Jeremiah Godwin
John Godwin
James Sartain
Will. Cookworthy
Samuel Briant
George Eyles
John Savage
Will. Stone, *Clerk*
Henry Herbert
William Whitaker

John Clark
James Selfe
John Clark
James Selfe, *jun.*
John Silverthorn
John Mortimer
William Stephens
Nathan Noyes
Samuel Wilkins
James Counſel
Thomas Naiſh
Robert Davis
William Ball
Abraham Martain
Robert Bright
James Taunton
John Morley
John Humphry
Thomas Whitaker
John Newman
John Brooks
Tho. Fudge, *Clerk*
John Rutty
Thomas Collett
Thomas Rogers
Samuel Bailward
William Palmer
William Miles
Samuel Raynolds
Charles Palmer
Henry Halliday
Thomas Jotham
Benjamin Spender
George Freeman
Thomas Stephens
Richard Pearce
James Sidnell
Iſrael James Hudſon
Thomas Gale
George Cokes
James Snaul, *jun.*
Joſ. Mortimer, *jun.*
William Shrapnell

George Togwell
George Edwards
Richard Weaver
George Foſter
Samuel Gillman
George Gillett
Thomas Miles
James Elderton
Thomas Martin
Samuel Norman
Thomas Gibbs
Charles Blake
Daniel Hill
Edward Singer
J. Read
Robert Boyd
Samuel Way
Eph. Salter
James Shrapnell
Thomas Gaby
J. Baſkerville
John Allen
R. Halliday
Thomas Carter
George Edwards
William Hart
John Marſhman
William Mac in
Richard Wilſhere
John Warman
Phillip Shrapnell
James Palmer
John Renſon
John Baber
George Spender
Thomas Scotcher
William Davis
William Bennett
Joſ. Dike
James Rawlings
William Palmer
R. H. Bytheſea
Samuel Ledyard

Thomas Whitaker
Nicholas Greene
Samuel Bytheſea
John Spalding
William Hart
Will. Waldron, *jun.*
John Clark, *jun.*
Jeremiah Hart
John Gaby
Stephen Dark
John Smart
John Hayward
Henry Butler
Paul Harding
John Baines
William Warman
Francis Saunders
John Beverſtock
William James, *jun.*
Samuel White
William Mockridge
Thomas Gray
James Orwood
Robert Davis
Richard Stafford
William Bell
Thomas Ferris
Thomas Timbrell
William James
William Hagley
Samuel Godden
Edward Lee
Samuel Collings
Charles Bell
John Strawbridge
William Burcombe
Richard Smith
Richard Pearce
William Browne

Th. Baskervile, *jun.*
James Bulgin
George Symes
James Gale
James Sartain
John Hunt
James Sartain, *ſen.*
Thomas Butler
Henry Hunt
William Stevens
Joſ. Shaul
Drew Townſend
Robert Bayley
John Godwin
John Bayly
John Bulgin
John Redman
R. Stokes
Cha. Collingbourn
James Beaven
Charles Arnold
Samuel Mountjoy
John Davis
Thomas Hulbert
Robert Hulbert
James Cox
John Wadman
Edw. Batten, *Clerk*
William Arnold
Robert Hulbert
William Hulbert
John Stump
John Turner
James Matravers
Samuel Clement
Thomas Turner
Charles Page
Stansfield Davis

Iſaac Silby
James Watſon
John Fillis
John Bulgin, *jun.*
John Cook
John Hiler
Joſ. Smith
William Stevens
William Pitman
Cha. Palmer, *jun.*
John Gray
Robert Hulbert
John Marler
H. Bytheſea
Samuel Bethell
William Davis
John Kelſon
Thomas Webb
Iſaac Crouch
Samuel Sargent
Richard Gale
George Drinkwater
Robert Godwin
Paul Randall
Silas James
William Miles
Stephen Bourne
William Crook
Robert Deverall
Richard Pinnock
William Eyles
Stephen Flower
Samuel Rumſey
Iſaac Bolwell
James Wilſhere
William Been
Michael Naiſh
Jacob Hayward

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, Burgeſſes, and Inhabitants of the Town of Southampton, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honorable Hans Stanley, and John Fleming, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs, Burgeſſes, and Inhabitants of the Town of Southampton, humbly approach your Throne, expreſſing our Acknowledgements of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign.

Zealous for the Honour of our Sovereign, the Proſperity of our Country, and the Support of the Laws of this Kingdom, we ardently wiſh your Majeſty may very long rule in the Hearts of all your People, where-ever diſperſed through your extenſive Dominions, and cannot but lament that our Fellow-Subjects in America, forgetful of the Succour and Protection ſo conſtantly afforded them by this their Parent State, have ſuffered themſelves to be deluded by the Arts of wicked and licentious Men, and proceeded to Acts of Rebellion againſt your Royal Perſon and Government. In Teſtimony therefore of our Abhorrence of thoſe pernicious Maxims, by which they pretend to juſtify their Conduct, we preſume to intreat your Majeſty to uſe the moſt effectual Means to aſſert your Royal Authority, vindicate the injured Supremacy of the Britiſh Legiſlature, and recal the infatuated Coloniſts to their Allegiance. And becauſe we fear the milder Influence of Reaſon and Perſuaſion will ſtill be found inadequate to thoſe truly deſirable Ends, while thoſe unhappy Men continue wilfully ignorant of your Majeſty's gracious Intentions towards them, and blind to the pleaſing Proſpect of Accommodation, we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty that we will, at the Hazard of all that is valuable to us, ſupport the Dignity of your Crown, and exert all our Power to preſerve the utmoſt Limits of your Empire undiminiſhed, and in due Obedience to your Majeſty and your illuſtrious Family.

May the God of Wiſdom and of Power direct your Majeſty's Councils for the Reſtoration of Harmony and Peace, or go forth with your Fleets and Armies in the Proſecution of your undoubted Rights over every Part of the Dominions which He, by whom Kings reign, has committed to your Care.

In Teſtimony whereof, we the ſaid Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes, have affixed our Common Corporate Seal and Names, and we the ſaid Inhabitants have ſubſcribed our Names, the 13th Day of October,

in

in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

H. Hartley, *Mayor*
Bailiffs,
Samuel Blount
Tho. Guillaume
W. Bulkeley, *Sheriff*
J. Monckton, *late Mayor*
Robert Sadleir
William Purbeck
R. Vernon Sadleir
Richard Serle
George Miller
Rob. Ballard, *jun.*
R. Vernon Moody
Edward Noble
John Mullins
George Hammond
R. Hughes, *Bart.*
James Scott, *M. A. Clerk*
Mat. Woodford, *M. A. Clerk*
Rd. Hughes, *jun.*
Joſ. Copley
Alexander Irvine
Edw. Falkingham
Charles Vignoles
G. Foyle
J. Peverell, *A. M. Clerk*
Miles Hatton, *M. A. Clerk*
Robert Jefferies
Harry Lawrence
J. Langford, *jun.*
Adam Clutterbuck
John Smith
John Reed
Samuel Scott
Thomas Jeans
Thomas Sadleir
Richard Collins
Ph. Lempriere
Stephen Gualy
Joſeph Sherer
W. Thring
Walter Taylor
Charles Webb
Cha. Clutterbuck
Tho. Collingwood
John Hoadly, *LL.D*
Ste. Lintott
W. Watſon
E. Wynne
Iſaac John Barnouin, *Clerk*
William Smith
Robert Read
Richard Suckett
Richard Archer
William Brice
William Mackett
William Fry

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Town of Shrewsbury, in Common Council aſſembled, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Mayor, William Owen, Eſq; a Lieutenant in His Majeſty's Navy, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly; and Mr. Owen had the Honour to kiſs His Majeſty's Hand.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Town of Shrewsbury, in Common Council aſſembled, actuated by the warmeſt Zeal for your Royal Perſon, and the firmeſt Attachment to our moſt excellent Conſtitution, humbly preſume to approach the Throne, and to offer up our Tribute of Gratitude for the many Bleſſings we have enjoyed under your Majeſty's mild and impartial Government.

Firmly perſuaded that it has been the great Object of your Majeſty's Reign to cheriſh and preſerve true Liberty in every Part of your Dominions, it is with the deepeſt Concern that we behold our Fellow Subjects in America hurried into an unnatural Rebellion againſt their Sovereign, not only rejecting every reaſonable Overture of Accommodation, but imperiouſly dictating to the Parent State, which, at the Expence of it's Blood and Treaſure, hath raiſed, nouriſhed, and protected them.

With equal Grief, but not without Indignation, we look upon a diſcontented Faction at Home, promoting and encouraging theſe unhappy Diſturbances. In this Situation we rely upon the Wiſdom of your Majeſty and the great Council of the Nation, under the Direction of Divine Providence, to adopt ſuch Meaſures as ſhall be moſt conſiſtent with the Dignity of the Crown, the Honour of Parliament, and the Safety and Welfare of the whole Britiſh Empire: And we think it an indiſpenſable Duty we owe to your Majeſty, to the State, to ourſelves, and to Poſterity, to expreſs theſe our Sentiments of Loyalty and Affection, and to make a Tender of our moſt faithful Services to ſupport by every Means in our Power the due Authority of the Legiſlature, and to enforce that good Order and Obedience to the Laws, ſo eſſential to Government, and ſo conducive to the Welfare and Happineſs of the People.

Given under the Common Seal, in the Guildhall at Shrewsbury, this 6th Day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

William Owen, *Mayor.*
John Aſhby, *Town Clerk.*

The following Addreſs of the Freeholders and Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Dumbarton, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir Archibald Edmondſtone, Bart. their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Freeholders and Juſtices of Peace for the County of Dumbarton.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Freeholders and Juſtices of Peace for the County of Dumbarton, being deeply impreſſed with the innumerable Bleſſings we and all within your Majeſty's Dominions have conſtantly enjoyed during your moſt auſpicious Reign, feel our Minds ſenſibly affected with juſt Indignation and Abhorrence of the bold and repeated Inſtances of Diſloyalty and Rebellion amongſt your Majeſty's Subjects in America, who, unmindful of all the ſacred Ties which ought to connect them to the Parent State, have impiouſly dared to raiſe the Standard of Rebellion, covering the moſt lawleſs Anarchy and Licentiouſneſs with the ſpecious Veil of the Love of Liberty. Since Experience has convinced us, that the tender Lenity hitherto exerciſed towards them by your Majeſty's natural Humanity and Love of your Subjects, has rather tended to provoke theſe deluded People to more violent Attacks upon the Britiſh Conſtitution, we, with dutiful Submiſſion, though with the deepeſt Regret, humbly apprehend more vigorous Meaſures are become abſolutely neceſſary to correct and puniſh their rebellious Spirit; in the Proſecution of which, we beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are ready to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes.

By Order, and in Preſence of the Meeting,
Dumbarton, John Hamilton, *Preſes.*
October 3, 1775.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Wincheſter, in Guildhall aſſembled, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Henry Penton and Lovel Stanhope, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of your City of Wincheſter, in Guildhall aſſembled, impreſſed with a due Senſe of your Majeſty's Royal Virtues, and of the innumerable Bleſſings we enjoy under your mild and auſpicious Government, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty with an humble Offer of our Duty, and to expreſs our juſt Abhorrence of the unnatural Rebellion which prevails in many of your Majeſty's Colonies in America, too ſucceſsfully fomented by the wicked Deſigns of artful and ambitious Perſons in that Part of your Majeſty's Dominions, and traiterouſly abetted by a licentious and diſappointed Faction at Home.

It would give your loyal Citizens the moſt inexpreſſible Satisfaction to find, that the lenient Meaſures, adopted during the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, had ſo far influenced the Minds of ſuch of our American Fellow-Subjects, who might have been drawn aſide from their Duty, as to have induced them to return again to their Obedience, in Imitation of that conciliatory Spirit, of which one Part of the Legiſlature had ſet them an Example.

But, Sire, ſhould neither the Moderation which your Majeſty has ever made the Rule of your Conduct, nor the gentle though neceſſary Interpoſition of the Legiſlature, operate to recal thoſe deluded Perſons to a juſt Senſe of their Allegiance; we rely on your Majeſty's known Firmneſs and Magnanimity, for the Proſecution of ſuch Meaſures as may convince all the World that we are not unworthy of the Bleſſings we enjoy under ſuch a Prince and ſuch a Conſtitution, but that the Supreme Legiſlative Authority of this Kingdom is able to enforce Obedience to itſelf throughout your Majeſty's Dominions.

That your Majeſty may long reign over a People as conſpicuous for their Union as they are diſtinguiſhed by their Happineſs, is the fervent Prayer of your loyal Citizens.

In Teſtimony whereof we have cauſed our Common Seal to be hereunto affixed, the 16th Day of October, in the Fifteenth Year of your Majeſty's happy Reign over us.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Town Council of the City of Edinburgh, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable Sir Laurence Dundas, Bart. their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Town Council of the City of Edinburgh, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

SEnſible of the many Bleſſings which we enjoy under your Majeſty's mild and equitable Adminiſtration, we cannot refrain, at this important Criſis, from expreſſing our Abhorrence of that rebellious Spirit, which has prompted your deluded Subjects in America to take Arms

Arms, in Oppoſition to your Majeſty's Government, and to the legal Authority of Parliament.

We have long beheld with deep Regret many unwarrantable Attempts which have been made to diſturb the Tranquillity of your Majeſty's Reign.

We now bewail the unhappy Influence of domeſtic Faction on the remote Parts of the Britiſh Empire, which has incited the Colonies to forget what they owe to the Parent State by which they were reared, and on which they depend; and has precipitated them into Meaſures ſo undutiful to your Majeſty, and ſo deſtructive to themſelves.

We ſhould ill deſerve that Liberty and Happineſs, which are ſecured to us by your Majeſty's gracious Government, if we did not declare our fixed Reſolution of ſupporting it to the utmoſt of our Power; and expreſs our Hopes that, by the Propriety and Firmneſs of Public Meaſures, your Majeſty's American Subjects will ſoon be induced to return to their Allegiance, and to place themſelves again under the Protection of Legal and Conſtitutional Government.

That your Majeſty's Reign may be long and proſperous, and may continue to diffuſe the Bleſſings of Liberty and Peace among a grateful People, is the united and ardent Wiſh of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects,
The Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Town Council of your City of Edinburgh.

Signed in our Name, and by our Appointment, the Seal of the City being affixed,

Edinburgh, *Ja. Stodart*, Provoſt.
October 11, 1775.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, in General Seſſion aſſembled; and alſo of the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the ſame County, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir John Hawkins, Knight, Chairman of the Seſſion, the Reverend Sir George Booth, Baronet, and John Bretell, Eſquire, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly; and they had the Honour to kiſs His Majeſty's Hand.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Juſtices aſſigned to keep the Peace, and to hear and determine divers Felonies, Treſpaſſes, and Miſdemeanours in the County of Middleſex, in General Seſſion aſſembled, and alſo of the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the ſame County, whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed.

WE, your Majeſty's loyal and dutiful Subjects, reſident in this opulent County, ſenſible of the Bleſſings which we derive from your Majeſty's mild and gracious Government, during which Juſtice has been adminiſtred with an Impartiality unknown to former Ages, and under which every Subject has felt himſelf protected in the Enjoyment of all thoſe Benefits, which it is the ultimate End of Civil Inſtitutions to enſure, humbly preſume to addreſs your Majeſty at a Criſis, which we conceive to be a moſt important one, and ſuch as is not to be paralleled in the Hiſtory of this or any other Country.

We look back with awful Reverence on that Period towards the End of the laſt Century, when, by a Revolution, from which it were Impiety to exclude the Interpoſition of Divine Providence, the Bounds of Regal Authority, and the Meaſures of Civil Subjection, were mutually adjuſted and aſcertained, upon Principles coeval with and interwoven in the very Conſtitution of this Country. To thoſe genuine Patriots and Friends of Religious and Civil Liberty, the Actors in that noble Cauſe, we at this Day owe it that Perſecution is baniſhed to the Realms of Deſpotiſm; that illegal Reſtraints of Civil Liberty are guarded againſt; that the ancient Power of Parliaments over every Part of the Britiſh Dominions is recognized; and the Supreme Legiſlative Authority, by a wiſe and happy Temperature of various Intereſts, declared to reſide in the Three Eſtates of King, Lords, and Commons.

Reflecting on the above auſpicious Event, and the numerous Benefits that have followed from it, we ſeek in vain for the Motives of that unnatural Rebellion in North America, into which the Inhabitants of ſome of the Provinces thereof, not leſs by the Artifices of a diſappointed and impotent Faction than their own Averſion to our religious and civil Conſtitution, have been precipitated.

To attain the Ends of a lawleſs Aſſociation, which aims at nothing leſs than an Independence on the Mother Country, that would draw down Deſtruction on their own Heads, the Legal Government of the Colonies, now in Rebellion, has by Degrees been ſubverted, and the Allegiance due to your Majeſty from your loyal Subjects there has been extorted by and transferred to a few Uſurpers, whoſe Regard for the Public is abſorbed in the Hope of Private Advantage: In the Proſecution of their traiterous Purpoſes, the Hoſtilities originally commenced by the Americans have been continued in a Manner practiſed only by Savages; and in the Conduct of a War, on which, with unhallowed Lips, they implore the Divine Bleſſing, we behold, with equal Amazement and Horror, the Violation of thoſe Rules of War to which Humanity and the Practice of all civilized Nations have given a Sanction.

Miſeries, greater if poſſible than thoſe of a War thus conducted on the Part of our Enemies, have been denounced againſt the Mother Country by it's rebellious Sons, who, by Reſolutions of Non-Importation, have endeavoured to cut off the Sources of our Wealth, and by the Dread of Famine to ſtimulate the induſtrious Manufacturers of this Kingdom to oppoſe that Power which has been their conſtant Support. But, Thanks be to God, the flouriſhing Condition of our Trade, the quick Circulation of Wealth, the State of Public Credit, and the amazing Encreaſe of Buildings and mercantile Improvements which preſent themſelves to our Eyes in every Part of this County, are evident Proofs of the Futility of all ſuch Attempts; as they are of the flouriſhing State of the Kingdom in general.

With very little Attention to the Merits of the Diſpute, and without being able to controvert that fundamental Principle of Civil Society, that Protection and Allegiance are reciprocal, the Colonies in Rebellion reſiſt the Payment of Taxes which their Preſervation has made neceſſary; founding their pretended Exemption, not on Reaſon, Equity, or natural Juſtice, but upon the Conſtruction of thoſe Grants to which the Colonies owe their political Exiſtence.

The Rights, whatever they are, which the Americans claim, are founded in Charters from Time to Time granted by your Majeſty's Royal Predeceſſors, under proper Limitations and Reſtrictions: With the greateſt Profeſſions of Zeal for Liberty do theſe infatuated People exalt the Regal into Arbitrary Power; and from Principles of Law and Logic, which are now for the firſt Time advanced, contend, that the Acts of the Aggregate Legiſlative Body are of leſs Force to bind the Subject than thoſe of an integral Part thereof; and with all the inſidious Arts of Adulation, your Majeſty is courted to accept of that abſolute Power which you have uniformly diſclaimed, as well by the Whole Tenor of your Conduct, as by referring the Means of preſerving the Supremacy of this Country over the Colonies to the Great Council of the Nation.

For this ſingular Inſtance of Moderation, as for every other Benefit which we derive from your Majeſty's paternal Care and watchful Regard for our Intereſts, receive, moſt gracious Sovereign! the ſincere and humble Acknowledgements of us your Majeſty's faithful and loyal Subjects; and as the merciful Forbearance hitherto ſhewn to the Colonies in Rebellion would, if farther extended, be injurious to the Intereſts of the whole Britiſh Empire, accept alſo this Tender of every Aſſiſtance which we are capable of rendering towards eſtabliſhing the Authority of the Britiſh Legiſlature over it's Colonies and Dependencies; while with unfeigned Zeal we ſupplicate the Supreme Diſpoſer of all Events for Proſperity on thoſe wiſe and lenient, but ſteady Councils which have been reſolved on, and we doubt not will be purſued for effectuating this important and neceſſary Purpoſe.

John Hawkins, *Chairman*
Wm. Blackborow
Saunders Welch
George Mercer
George Mercer
John Walford
Thomas Fellows
J. Miller
David Walker
John Bretcell
William Kitchiner
William Gaſcoigne
John Barnfather
Henry Lambe
John Cox
Philip Dyot
T. Treſlove
R. Butler
John Powell
Robert Pell
Joſeph Keeling
John Sherwood
David Wilmot
John Staples
Charles Triquet
John Marſhall
John Sugar
William Hillyer
Richard Rutſon
John Spiller
W. Farrington
John Powſey
Henry Hall
Thomas Duffield
Philip Parker
Richard Vaux
Chriſtopher Horner
Henry Smith
Will. Greenwood
Stephen Guion
J. Kenrick
Will. Addington
John Machin
George Reid
John Lane
James Croft

John

John Fielding
William Hyde
John Goodchild
Paul Vaillant
Stephen Cole
Samuel Wood
John Bullock
Husband Messiter
Edward Holland
Thomas Barnsley
Richard Fleming
Samuel Wegg
Jonathan Durden
G. Howard
Aaron Lambe
George Allcock
Charles Carne
Thomas Collins
F. Milner Newton
Jos. Wilton
John Lewis
Thomas Preston
Tho. Brookbank
J. S. Colepeper
Geo. Colton Smith
Thomas Richards
WilliamShakespear
HerbertMayo, *D.D. Rector of St. George, Middlesex*
Robert Markham, *D. D. Rector of Whitechapel*
Roger Griffin
Thomas Moore
John Stevens
Thomas Cooper
James Sufflee
John Baker
James Merceron
William Goodman
Hobert Harding
Solomon Taylor
J. Penleaze
Robert Wrightson
John Horton
Guy Bryan
Edward Kimpton, *Lic. Curate of St. Matthew, Middx.*
John Wolvridge
Michael Foster
John Wilmot
James Milward
Richard Dann
John Ogilvie
John Unwin
John Thompson
John Tuach
Tho. Tryon Cotton
Parker Rowlands, *Clerk*
Thomas Colver
Charles Beek
Edmund Brown
Thomas Goss
Rupert Musgreave
William Allum
James Hopkins
Peter Renvoize
Thomas Tannatt
John Grigg
Joseph Brettell
George Robinson
John Merceron
John Smartt
William Crocker
Robert Parker
James Clark
John Howard
Humphry Bache
Thomas Celicut
William Allington
John Robinson
Edmund Tanner
John Bucknall
Samuel Thorpe
James Marriott
James Webb
John Bassington
Alexander Easton
George Robinson
Anthony Willan
John Loveland
John Scarr
John Hughes
WilbrahamPhillips
George Brigenshaw
William Hinchliff
Peter Arnaud

David Dowse
William Archer
Tho. Goodenough
William Machon
Cecil Pitt
James Watts
John Mann
George Wills
William Munday
John Jones
Adam Langton
Robert Wilkins
Luke Flood
W. Clarkson
Thomas Taylor
Abraham Poole
John Hollis
Michael Bate
Richard Spiller
Robert Rutter
William Beverly
William Wildman
Carsten Dirs
John Shaw
John Seppings
William Clark
Owen James
Nathaniel Dunbar
John Ginns
Richard Brooke
Thomas Hodgkins
Charles Digby
Peter Earnshaw, *of St. Catherine*
H. Jackson, *Great Tower Hill*
Michael James
John Vernon
Michael Dale
David Owen
Edmund Pepys
Dormer Lord Fortescue
David Franco
James Lacy
John Taylour
Hew Dalrymple
John Inwood
Thomas Ash
James Spencer
Thomas Browne
S. Cole, *jun.*
Th. Tunstall Mason
Andrew Smith
Richard Morrison
John Blake
Samuel Prime, *jun.*
Robert Gale
Ephraim de Aguilar
Charles Barrow
Edward Johnson
Robert Baker
John Court
John Farnell
Charles Paveay
Henry Rowley
Thomas Richards
Matthew Dick
Redm. Kelly
Thomas Carter
J. Berckenhout
Thomas Ripley
R. OwenCambridge
W. Johnston
John Haynes
Robert Gray
Edward Hippesley
John Devall
A. Annesley
Robert Gapper
Thomas Hudson
F. A. Hindley
Colston Carr
Robert Carr
J. Davies
John Waterhouse
John Cosens
James Whitchurch
Henry Probyn
Edward Ironside
George Bryan
John Jorden
William Dobson
Samuel Billingsley
John Perigal
Philip Beauchamp
James Harding
Thomas Butler
Charles Hamilton
John Williams

G. Pocock
R. Twining
John Kent
Francis Plumer
Stafford Briscoe
James Wood
Arnold Finchett
William Nettleship
Edmund Hill
Benjamin Radcliffe
Richard Dalton
Thomas Stanton
Thomas Toundrow
S. Prime
R. Perryn
Butler Corfe
G. Goftling
Fr. Lifter
G. Coftard
William Lake
Edward Newman
Thomas Dean
Leonard Martin
J. Archambe
Thomas Nettlefeld
John Kirby
John Goose, *jun.*
Benjamin Soper
John Goose, *sen.*
William Quarrill
WilliamBlackmore
John Robinson
John Orton
William Pell
Philip Tplidt
George C. Smith
James Savage
Ralph Cleghorn
William Potter
Burford Camper
John Woodham
James Spalding
Peter Greene
Richard Hare
William Downes
William Twedale
R. Davies
Alexander Chrystie
Richard Cole
James Marsden
James Jackson
John Irish
Thomas Taylor
Alexander Scott
George Sinclair
John Camper
R. Salmon
John Perry
Joseph Hankey
John Williams
Thomas Duffield
Curtis Fleming
Leo. Hammond
Jer. Hargraves
John Bristow
John Haymer
G. Haddon, *D. D.*
Robert Smith
Henry Voguell
Robert Furnass
William Thorns
Richard Newcomb
J. Pressey Redford
William Griggs
Edward Mann
Francis Mattingley
Richard Smith
John Harley
John Taylor
John Woolley
John Curtis
Timothy Bellamy
William Lindus
Robert Buttery
John Rogers
James Johnson
William Bedell
Jukes Coulson
Peter Mellish
Samuel Mellish
Peter Mellish, *jun.*
Charles Smith
Thomas Harding
Rev. Christopher Scott, *M.A.*
W. Sweeting
Allan Harrison Eccles, *Rector of St. Mary Stratford, Bow*

John Leapidge
Rev. John Prichard, *Rector of Christ-Church, Middlesex*
Joseph Hill
John Coop
James Spagg
Matthew Glanvid
Jeremiah Ilsley
Simon Golding
George J. Cooke
Thomas Fellows
William Gascoigne
Gervase Scrope
H. M. Evans
John Truesdale
Thomas Clarke
John Crosier
Richard Dodd
James Hunt
John Sleath
William Atrick
James Tillyer, *jun.*
Sparks Philp
Jabez Goldar
Richard Biggs
W. Burton Raynes
John Medlam
Thomas Hanks
John Smith
Mark Hill
John Hampton
Joseph Packer
Thomas Weed
Edward Cole
Daniel Fanick
Samuel Line
John Compton
John Millard
William Alden
Thomas Webb
Tho. Crouch, *sen.*
John Copland
Th. Weatherly, *sen.*
George Glover
Richard Guy
John Micklem
John Read
Samuel Walter
William Pope
Joseph Jeffery
John Chasley
John Atlee
Ralph Ratcliff
Elias Edwards
William Cotterell
Richard Randall
Thomas Weekly
Timothy Marshall
Bernard Dagnall
Thomas Dagnall
Edward Ashlee
Nicholas Mercer
Thomas Warner
William Best
Richard Mills
John Lane
George Ernest Eller
F. William Drake
Edward Benton
Thomas Bishop
Anthony Hinton
John Batty
J. Garnet Turner
Lillie Aynscombe
Thomas Ludford
Thomas Chandler
Joseph Goddard
John Williams
William Smith
William Combes
Matthew Batt
John Watts
John West
Thomas Hall
Daniel Norton
William Johnson
Benjamin Johnson
Jos. Busby
Matthew Leno
Thomas South
George Booth
Edmund Byron
John Steele
Tho. Bickerdike

Eardley Norton
John Robinson
J. Wood
Ansley Pellatt
W. P. Allatt
Geo. Fillingham
Richard Jupp
Thomas Arnold
W. Loveday
Joseph King
Thomas Pugh
Walter Bellinger
John Perry
Thomas Fox
James Armstrong
Tho. Moore
Tho. Milward
John Willshire
Edward Gatward
William Sellon
John Drury
John Severn
U. Bristow
Robert Wier
William Amery
Thomas Cogan
Roger Altham
Nath. Bishop
Chr. Bartholomew
W. Wildman
T. Adams
Samuel Holmes
George Stow
George Strahan
Jos. Manwaring
Richard Wiggins
John Rule
Tho. Wade, *jun.*
Matthew Hill
George Haslewood
Thomas Maxfield
Thomas Holgate
John White
John Crawford
Rd. Rees
James Esdaile
Benj. Barnsley
James Calvert
John Pricklow
John Chippindale
Gabriel Leekey
Thomas Brown
Stephen Crouch
New. Hooke
Edward M'Carty
William Aysclough
Charles Walford
George Friend
Thomas Francis
Thomas Goodman
David Dean
Cadwallader Coker
Thomas Isherwood
James Isherwood
Edward Bond
Joseph Saunders
Henry Waring
Jos. Fortie Pryor
Thomas Sawtell
John Garth
Roger Meredith
William Baggaley
John Woolley
William Cocken
Thomas Gibbons
Tho. Gibbons, *jun.*
John Mathew
William Cox
Daniel Rider
John Wrench
Thomas Cox
John Beaumont
William Salmon
James Crane
George Rogers
John Jersey
John Cassidy
Thomas Richmond
James Baddeley
George Burnill
Thomas Baker
John Burnill
Thomas Wood
R. Palmer
Thomas Nowell

William Turner
Joseph Brayne
B. Robertson
Thomas Mills
Geo. Roadley
Richard Dole
Thomas Allen
John Brown
Samuel Carr
Richard Neate
Charles Matthews
Lomax Ryder
George Power
William Seward
Peter Calvert
J. Burrows
James Quilter
Charles Hotrell
J. Dickinson
James Wardell
George Wilson
Radcl. Sidebottom
Elbro Woodcock
Christopher Hill
Thomas Brettell
W. Bleamire
James Bindley
G. Crawfurd
Michael Moseley
W. Gregson
James Inglish
Maurice Griffith
John P. Blaquiere
T. Rumsey
Henry Sayer
John Stock
Robert Simmonds
T. Manning
T. Humphreys, *Clk.*
John Ardesoif
Anth. Dunoblet
Josiah Holford
William Beaumont
Robert Vincent
C. Whitworth
W. Bellie
W. Blair
R. Lateward
Cadwallader Coker
Henry Fletcher
Sampson Carver
Elias Brownsword
Oliver Humphreys
John Brown
Thomas Briggs
Henry Stevenson
Edward Westmore
Thomas Lott
MatthewGraves, *of Chiswick*
G. Wright
Robert Palmer
Thomas Browne
W. Bonnin, *Curate and Lecturer of Fulham.*
J. Madden
H. Holland
William Burchell
William Cadogan
Phil. Laurents
Cor. Martin
John Paulin
H. Whitfield, *D.D.*
William Howard
Robert Gray
Samuel Webb
A. Hamilton, *D.D.*
Will. Howard, *jun.*
Robert Greenall
Husband Messiter
John Grinstead
Thomas Bavan
Thomas Smith
Delia Smith
John Townshend
Thomas Harrison
Thomas Bush
William Gowan
William Law
John Lewis
William Matyear
Thomas Brassett
Philip Stephens
H. Holland, *jun.*

N. B. *The other Addresses are omitted for Want of Room; but will be inserted in next Tuesday's Gazette.*

St. James's, October 21, 1775.

IT is His Majesty's Pleasure that all Officers belonging to His Majesty's 15th, 37th, 53d, 54th, and 57th Regiments of Foot, now serving in Ireland, do immediately repair to their respective Corps in that Kingdom, except such as belong to the additional Companies of those Regiments, or may be employed in Ireland on the Recruiting Service.

ROCHFORD.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 21, 1775.

Notice is hereby given, That on Wednesday the 25th Instant, being the Anniversary of His Majesty's Accession to the Throne, there will be a Drawing Room at St. James's; on which Account there will be no Drawing-Room there the next Day, Thursday the 26th Instant.

War-Office, October 21.

15th Regiment of Light Dragoons, Lieutenant James Barber is appointed to be Captain, vice George Lord Ferrers; by Purchase.

Ditto, Cornet Alexander Murray to be Lieutenant, vice James Barber; by Purchase.

Ditto, Richard Bell, Gent. to be Cornet, vice Alexander Murray; by Purchase.

69th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant John Thomson to be Captain, vice Alexander Blair; by Purchase.

Ditto, Ensign Alexander Anderson to be Lieutenant, vice John Thomson; by Purchase.

Ditto, Francis William Farquhar, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Alexander Anderson; by Purchase.

Ditto, Lieutenant Alexander Mackay to be Adjutant, vice John Thomson; by Purchase.

To be Major-Generals,

Colonels, Sir Robert Hamilton, Bart.
Robert Robinson
Francis Craig
Edward Viscount Ligonier
Hugh Earl Percy
William Tayler
Sir Eyre Coote
Charles Earl Cornwallis

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN,

From October 9, to October 14, 1775.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Bushel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	4	10	3	4	3	3	2	1	3	7
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middlesex,	5	1	———		3	1	2	1	3	5
Surry,	5	0	3	6	3	6	2	3	4	2
Hertford,	4	9	———		3	4	2	2	3	9
Bedford,	4	9	3	8	3	1	2	1	3	1
Cambridge,	4	2	3	0	3	4	1	10	2	11
Huntingdon,	4	5	———		3	0	1	9	3	3
Northampton,	4	11	3	9	3	0	1	11	3	0
Rutland,	4	8	3	3	2	11	1	9	3	2
Leicester,	5	2	4	8	3	3	1	11	3	7
Nottingham,	4	11	3	8	3	3	1	11	3	7
Derby,	5	7	———		———		2	1	3	7
Stafford,	5	8	4	3	3	4	1	11	3	9
Salop,	6	1	4	8	3	2	1	8	4	0
Hereford,	5	9	———		———		1	11	———	
Worcester,	5	7	4	0	3	4	2	4	4	4
Warwick,	5	2	———		3	6	2	4	4	9
Gloucester,	6	0	———		3	3	2	3	4	0
Wilts,	5	1	———		3	0	2	4	4	4
Berks,	5	0	3	10	3	2	2	4	3	6
Oxford,	5	2	———		3	3	2	8	4	0
Bucks,	4	10	———		3	1	2	0	3	3
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Essex,	4	9	3	9	3	4	2	3	3	7
Suffolk,	4	9	3	1	3	2	2	2	3	1
Norfolk,	4	10	3	1	2	10	1	11	2	11
Lincoln,	4	10	3	9	3	0	1	7	3	4
York,	5	1	3	10	3	6	1	10	3	10
Durham,	4	8	3	4	3	4	1	10	4	1
Northumberland,	4	9	3	7	2	10	1	10	3	5
Cumberland,	4	11	3	8	3	1	1	9	3	8
Westmorland,	5	7	4	0	3	0	1	10	———	
Lancashire,	5	6	———		3	3	2	1	3	5
Cheshire,	5	7	4	6	3	8	1	10	———	
Monmouth,	5	6	———		3	5	1	9	———	
Somerset,	5	7	3	0	3	3	2	1	3	6
Devon,	5	7	———		3	0	1	6	———	
Cornwall,	4	11	———		2	6	1	6	———	
Dorset,	5	6	———		3	3	2	2	3	11
Hampshire,	5	0	———		3	1	2	4	3	9
Sussex,	4	9	———		2	11	2	2	3	11
Kent,	4	11	———		3	1	2	2	3	2

From October 2, to October 7, 1775.

WALES.

North Wales,	5	9	4	8	3	0	1	7	4	2
South Wales,	5	6	4	7	3	2	1	6	2	10

Part of **SCOTLAND.**

Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.		Big.	
4	2	3	0	2	7	1	11	2	6	2	4

Published by Authority of Parliament,

Will^m Cooke.

Custom-House, London, October 7, 1775.

FOR SALE,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in the Long Room at the Custom-House, on Thursday and Friday the 26th and 27th, and Tuesday the 31st of October instant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, in small Lots of about Two Hogsheads each,

SUGAR.

Hh.	T.	B.	
68	0	0	Barbadoes.
165	69	0	Antigua.
120	83	55	St. Kitts.
95	25	26	Nevis.
46	40	11	Montserrat.
160	10	1	Grenada.
40	26	0	St. Vincent's.
71	6	6	Tortola.
12	0	0	Tobago.

27 Casks Coffee, and 5 Casks Cocoa, from St. Vincent's.

3 Casks Coffee, 1 Cask Cocoa, and 1 Cask Indigo, from Grenades.

Samples to be seen in Wycherley's-yard, opposite Bear Key, the 24th and 25th Instant.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Anthony Rutherford, of Sunderland in the County of Durham, Mercer, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of his Estate and Effects, on the 4th of November Instant, at Two in the Afternoon, at the Golden-Lion in Low-Street, Sunderland, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit in Law or Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; or to their compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating to the same; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Forster Charlton, of Tavistock-Street in the County of Middlesex, Woollen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignee of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Wednesday the 25th Day of October instant, precisely at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, at North's Coffee-house in King-street, Cheapside, London, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's commencing, prosecuting, or defending, one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; or to his compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter in Dispute relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the Right Honourable Henry Earl Bathurst, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Philip Gregory, of Biddeford in the County of Devon, Mercer, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Twenty-four Days, to be computed from the 21st Instant; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 14th of November next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the same Day, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Styles, of Houndsditch in the City of London, Packer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 24th Day of October instant at Eleven in the Forenoon, on the 4th Day of November next at Five in the Afternoon, and on the 2d Day of December following at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mess. Wall and Bury, of the Inner Temple, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Edward Doe, of the City of Oxford, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 31st Day of October instant, and on the 3d Day of November next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 2d Day of December following at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to